

Browser Fingerprinting and Digital Privacy

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2021 CSCI Senior Seminar

Division of Science and Mathematics

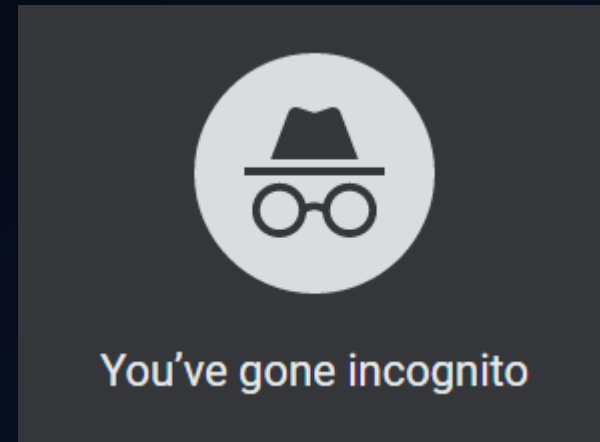
University of Minnesota Morris

Privacy and Security

User Activity

- Banking
- Politics
- Shopping
- Communication
- Media
- Data

Incognito Mode



www.google.com

- Browsing history
- Internet tracking

What is a Browser?

Browsers:

- Browser Wars
- User Agent Header
- Header's elements

```
Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:85.0)  
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/85.0
```

What is a Browser Fingerprint?

Definition:

- ID created from data about the 'Web Client'
- Modern Fingerprint:
 - Peter Eckersley
 - User Agent Header

First Fingerprint:

- Jonathan Mayer
- 2009
- Navigator objects
 - Plugins

What is a Browser Fingerprint?

Attributes:

- User Agent Header
- Screen Resolution
- Language
- Time Zone
- APIs

```
Fingerprint
3f22247763891c1f143cfd3b0d5eb58e

Device Signature

userAgent = Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:85.0)
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/85.0
webdriver = false
language = en-US
colorDepth = 24
screenResolution = 768,1366
availableScreenResolution = 741,1294
timezoneOffset = 360
timezone = America/Chicago
sessionStorage = true
localStorage = true
platform = Linux x86_64
plugins =
touchSupport = 0,false,false
fonts = Arial,Arial Narrow,Bitstream Vera Sans Mono,Bookman Old
Style,Century Schoolbook,Courier,Courier New
audio = 35.73833402246237
deviceMemory = not available
hardwareConcurrency = 4
canvas = canvas winding:yes,canvas
fp:data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUHEUgAAB9AAAADICAYAAACwGnoBAA
AgA
webglVendorAndRenderer = Intel Open Source Technology Center~Mesa DRI
Intel(R) HD Graphics 3000 (SNB GT2)
webgl =
data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUHEUgAAASwAAACWCAYAAABk7XSAAARc
kLEQVR4n03c/2vb137f8eefsR82uD

Show Details

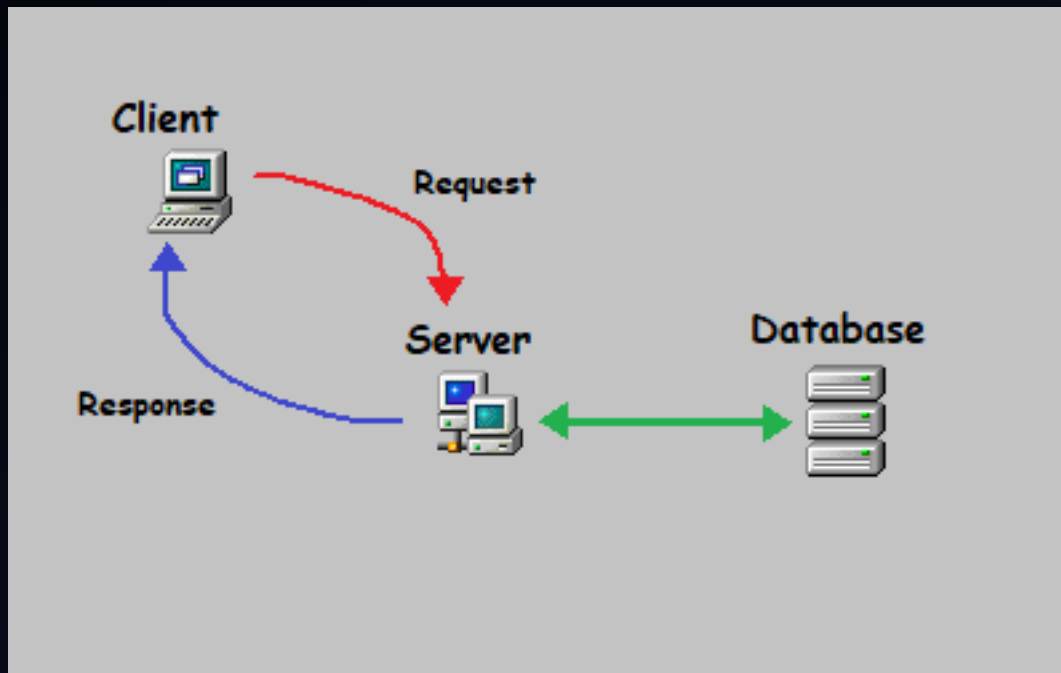
Fingerprint in Cookie
No fingerprint cookie
```

Outline

- **The Structure and Attribute Collection Practices**
- Available Countermeasures
- Security and Usability Focused Platform
- Conclusions

The Underlying Structure

Client-Server & Request-Response



- Structure:
 - Client
 - Server
 - Database
- Data Transmission
 - Request Packets
 - Response Packets

Attribute Collection

How its Done:

- JavaScript
- Querying
- API
 - Canvas
 - WebGL
- Cookies

Client – Server

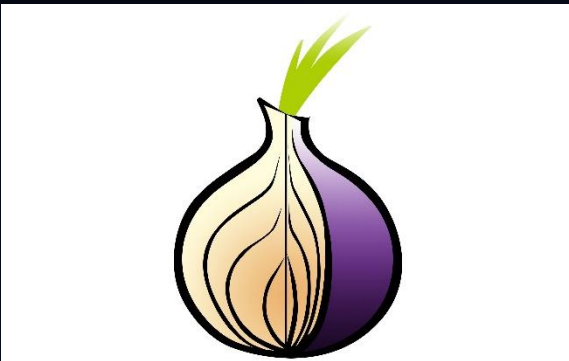
- Scripts
 - Response
- Sessions
 - Cookies
 - Persistent fingerprint

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Available Countermeasures

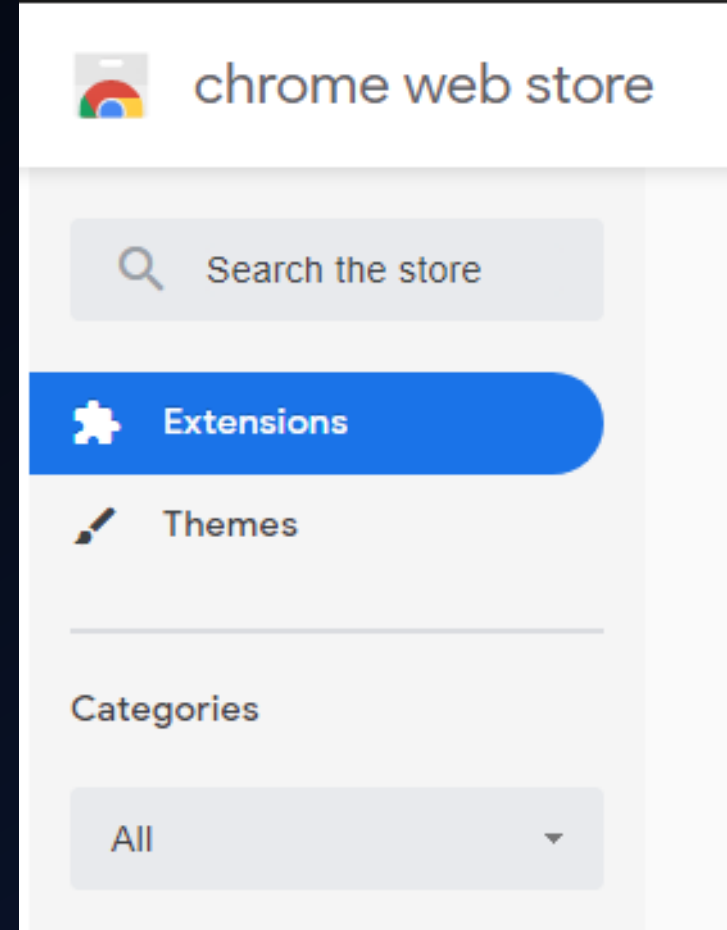
- Browsers
 - Tor
 - Brave
- Extensions



<https://1000logos.net/tor-logo>



<https://www.computerworld.com/article/3292619/the-brave-browser-basics-what-it-does-how-it-differs-from-rivals.html>



https://chrome.google.com/webstore/category/extensions?utm_source=chrome-ntp-icon

Available Countermeasures

Script Blocking

- Ad-BlockPlus
- Disconnect
- Ghostery
- NoScript
- Privacy Badger
- uBlock

Attribute Blocking

- CanvasBlocker
- Canvas Defender

Available Countermeasures

Attribute Switching

- User Agent Switcher
- Random Agent Spoofer

Attribute Blurring

- FPGuard

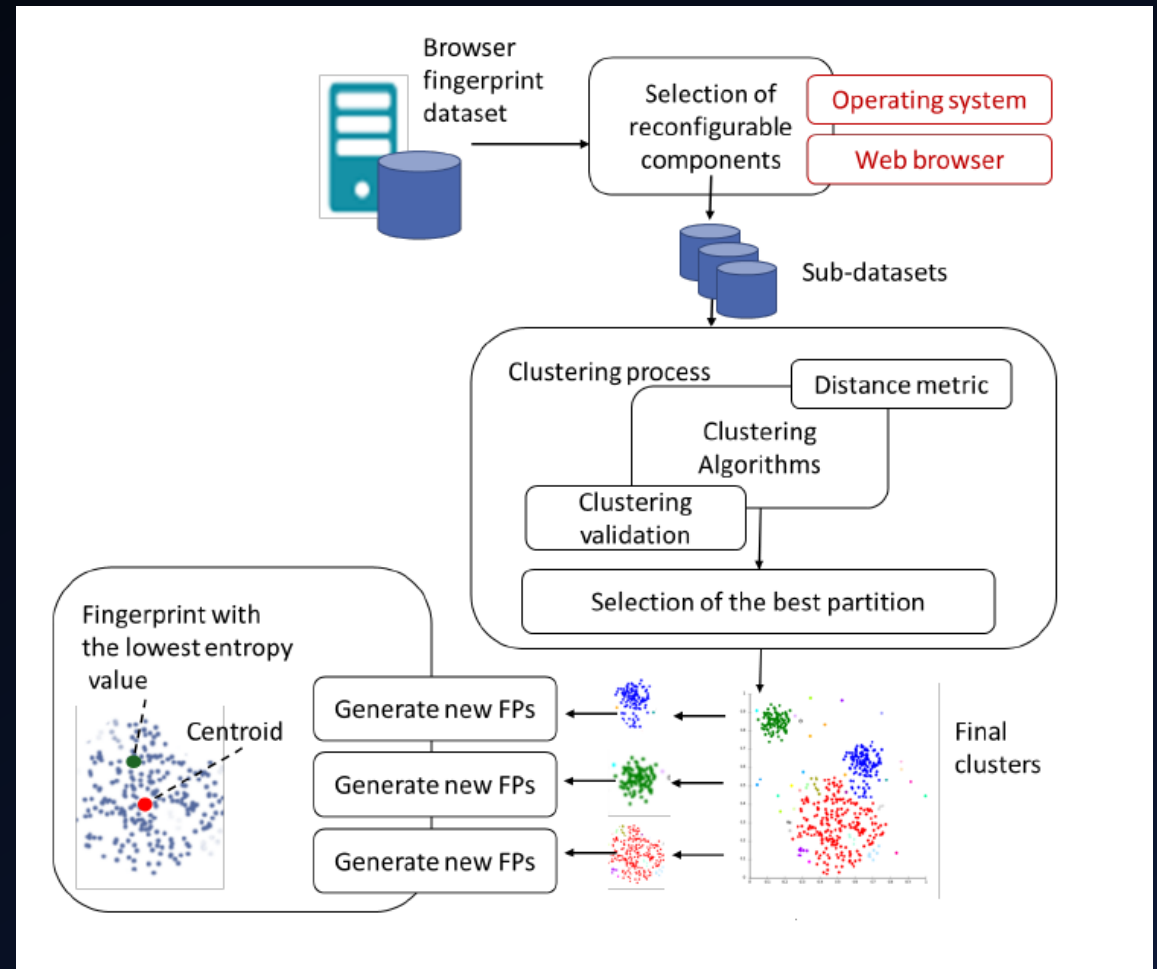
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Security and Usability Focused Platform

Non-unique Fingerprint

- User Experience
- Clustering Algorithm
- A. Gómez-Boix, D. Frey, Y.-D. Bromberg, and B. Baudry. 2019



Security and Usability Focused Platform

Distance:

$$D(F_1, F_2) = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i * d(F_{1a_i}, F_{2a_i})$$

Identifiability:

$$I = \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{1}{u(c_k)}$$

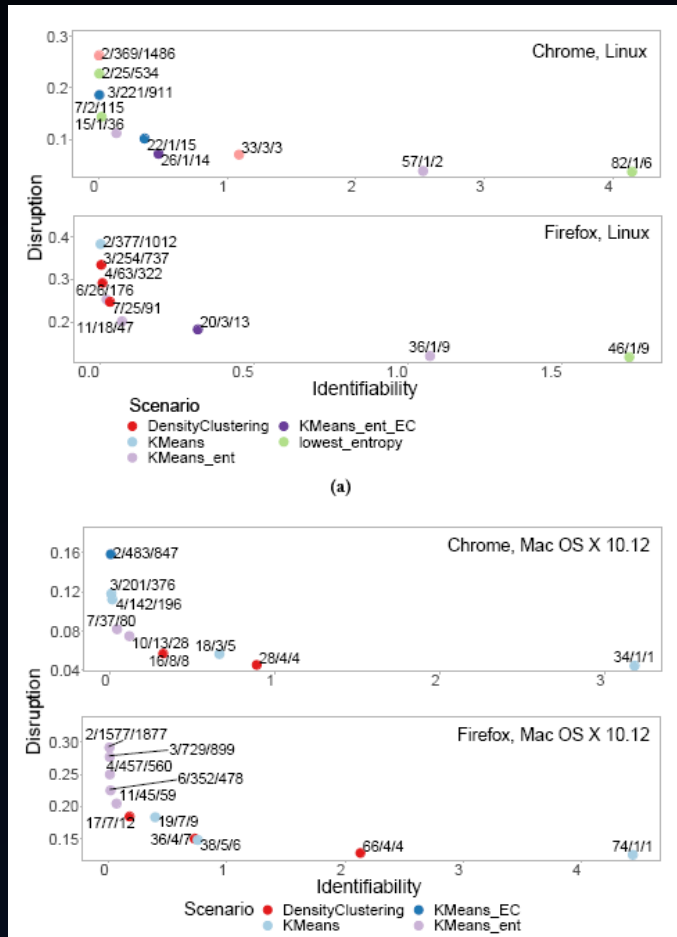
Disruption:

$$R = \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i \in c_k} \left(d(FP_i, FP^{\{k\}}) * \frac{u(FP_i)}{U} \right)$$

Fingerprint Generation:

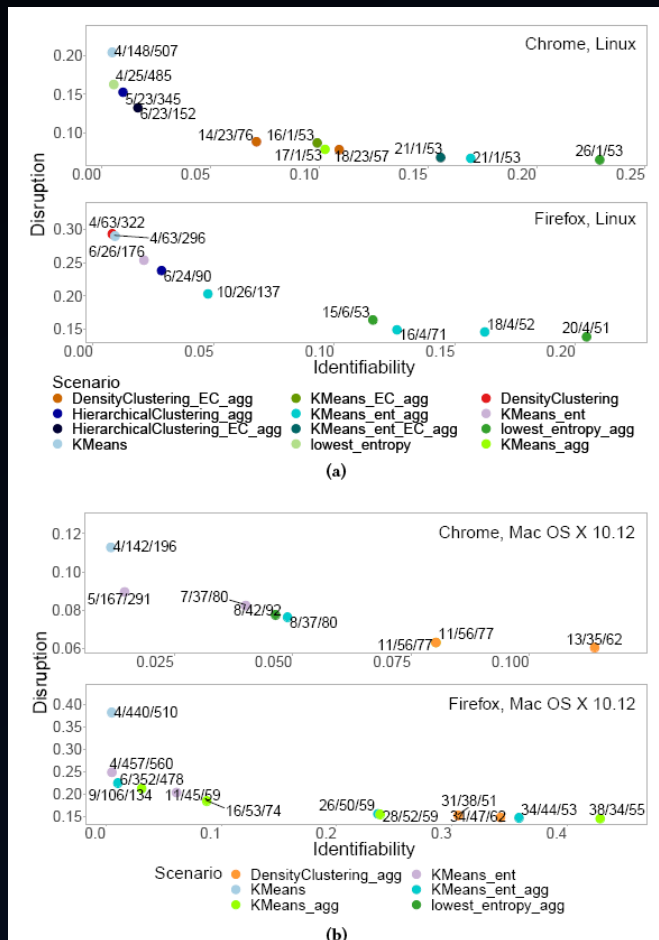
- Algorithms:
 - K-Means Clustering
 - Density Based Clustering Algorithm
 - Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering
- Centroid of the clusters
- Lowest Entropy

Security and Usability Focused Platform



Dataset	# of FPs	Number of devices	% of unique	Ident.
Linux, Chrome	1,176	4,117	67.6	921.05
Linux, Firefox	804	2,316	61.3	594.31
Mac OS X 10.12, Chrome	1,047	1,769	73.6	871.24
Mac OS X 10.12, Firefox	3,202	3,832	88.6	2,991.81

Security and Usability Focused Platform



OS	Web Browser	Kmeans	Kmeans_agg	KMeans_ent	KMeans_ent_agg	Kmeans_EC_agg	KMeans_ent_EC_agg	DensityClustering	DensityClustering_agg	lowest_entropy	lowest_entropy_agg
Linux	Chrome				2		3				1
Linux	Firefox				2,3						1
Mac OS X 10.10	Chrome			3		2			1		
Mac OS X 10.10	Firefox	3						1,2			
Mac OS X 10.10	Safari			3					1,2		
Mac OS X 10.12	Chrome				3				1,2		
Mac OS X 10.12	Firefox		1		2			3			
Mac OS X 10.9	Chrome						1				
Mac OS X 10.9	Firefox	3	2								1
Mac OS X 10.9	Safari	2							1,3		
Ubuntu	Chromium				1		2				
Ubuntu	Firefox									2,3	1

Security and Usability Focused Platform

Experiment Results:

- Reduced Identifiability
- Fingerprint Protection Platform
 - Browser
 - Website
 - Software Containers

Larger Scope

- Scalability

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Conclusion

- De-anonymization
- Tracking
- Solutions:
 - FPP
 - Browser Extensions
 - User actions

Sources:

- H. F. Alan and J. Kaur. 2019
- A. Gómez-Boix, D. Frey, Y.-D. Bromberg, and B. Baudry. 2019
- A. Gómez-Boix, P. Laperdrix, and B. Baudry. 2018
- A. J. Kaizer and M. Gupta. 2016
- P. Laperdrix, N. Bielova, B. Baudry, and G. Avoine. 2020.
- W. L. Robison. 2018

The slide features a dark blue background with decorative teal lines in the corners. On the left side, there are several parallel lines forming a corner shape. On the bottom left, there are more parallel lines extending horizontally and then diagonally. On the bottom right, there are two parallel lines extending diagonally upwards.

Thank you

QUESTIONS?